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Promoting Technology and Collaboration

BRAETH: A Low-Cost Tool to Assist the Performance of Cricothyroidotomies

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Background: The cricothyroidotomy is a life-saving emergent procedure to establish a surgical airway in a "Cannot Oxygenate, Cannot Intubate" patient. The current procedure involves location of the cricothyroid membrane by palpation, creation of an incision through the cricothyroid membrane, and placement and securement of an endotracheal tube through the incision. The procedure needs to be performed in under five minutes to prevent brain damage from hypoxia. Cricothyroidotomies make up only 0.23% of tracheal intubations which, paired with minimal exposure to the procedure during training, can lead providers to have diminished confidence performing cricothyroidotomies.

Technology Overview: The Biomedical Recognizer of Anatomy and Endotracheal Tube Holder (BRAETH) is a 3D printed, low-cost device with three main design components. The first is a cup-shape that allows BRAETH to quickly anchor upon the laryngeal prominence and orient providers to the cricothyroid membrane. The second is a removable knife guide that guides a scalpel to the cricothyroid membrane while blocking the scalpel from creating too deep of an incision. The knife guide can be removed and used as a dilator. The last is a cantilever snap-fit joint that secures the endotracheal tube. BRAETH can then be secured for transport with Velcro.

Potential Application in Surgical Simulation and Education: BRAETH has significant potential in the education of providers for performing cricothyroidotomies. BRAETH can be used in proactive education on simulation mannequins by assisting providers with each step of the procedure. BRAETH's ability to be used in real-time procedures would allow for skills acquired in simulation training to be easily translated to procedures.

Potential Opportunities to Collaborate: Collaborations between BRAETH and surgical models could amplify the educational potential of both. By optimizing BRAETH with surgical mannequins, providers would be to get translatable real-time feedback and guidance performing cricothyroidotomies allowing them improve their procedural confidence.

