Measure			QCDR Measure Type	Does this measure
Number	Measure Title	Measure Description	(Pick <u>one</u> of the	belong to another
ACS24	(REQUIRED)	(REQUIRED)	following types	QCDR? If so, which
	Surgical Phases of Care Patient-	Composite measure consisting of 12	New QCDR Measure	Not Applicable, ACS is
	Reported Outcome Composite	items intended to measure the		measure steward
	Measure	constructs of Surgeon		
		Communication Before Surgery,		
		Surgical Goals of Care, Satisfaction		
		with Information, and Postoperative		
		Care Coordination from the patient's		
		perspective. Of these 12 items, 9		
		originate from the CAHPS Surgical		
		Care Survey (S-CAHPS). Specifically,		
		these 9 items are questions 3, 9, 11,		
		17, 26, 27, 31, 33, and 34 from the		
		original S-CAHPS survey. Three (3)		
		additional items are included to		
		appropriately measure Goals of Care;		
		these questions ask whether the		
		surgeon discussed what the patient		
		hoped to gain from surgery, whether		
		the surgeon discussed how surgery		
		would affect their daily activities,		
		and what life might look like for the		
		patient in the long-term. Please		
		see scroll to the bottom of this		
		document for all 12 items in		
		full.		

If this is a previously CMS	NQF Number	NQS Domain			Denominator
approved MIPS QCDR	(if	(Communication and Care	NQS Domain Rationale	Denominator	Exclusions
measure, please provide the	applicable)	Coordination; Community/	(REQUIRED)	(REQUIRED)	(REQUIRED)
N/A		Person and Care-giver-	This measure satisfies the	This composite does not	(a) Surgical patients
		Centered Experiences and	NQS domain of "Person and	have a typical	whose procedure
		Outcomes	Caregiver-Centered	denominator statement.	was greater than 6
			Experiences and Outcomes"	The top box denominator	months or less than 3
			because it ensures that	is the number of	months prior to the
			each patient and family is	respondents who answer	start of the survey.
			engaged as partners in their	at least one of the	(b) Surgical patients
			care and promotes	questions in each multi-	younger than 18
			effective communication	item measure. Please see	years old. (c) Surgical
			and coordination of care	instructions in Reporting	patients who are
			from the patient's	Measures for the CAHPS	institutionalized (put
			perspective	Surgical Care Survey.	in the care of a
					specialized
					institution [e.g.,
					psychiatric]) or
					deceased. (d) Surgery
					performed had to be
					scheduled and not an
					emergency
					procedure since
					emergency
					proceudres are
					unlikely to have vists
					with the surgeon
					before the surgery.
					(e) Multiple surgery
					patients within the

			Number of performance rates to be
Denominator	Numerator	Numerator Exclusions	submitted
Exceptions (REQUIRED)	(REQUIRED)	(REQUIRED)	(if only one is calculated, indicate'1'.
None	The composite does not have a typical	None	1
	numerator. The "top box" composite score		
	is the average proportion of respondents		
	who answered the most positive response		
	category across the questions in the		
	composite. That is, the average proportion		
	of respondents who answered "Yes,		
	definitely" across questions 3, 9, 11, 26, 27,		
	31, 33, and 34; "Yes" across question 17;		
	and "Yes, definitely" for the 3 additional		
	Goals of Care items. Scoring for this		
	composite measure follows the instructions		
	for scoring the CAHPS Surgical Care Survey.		
	Please see instructions in Reporting		
	Measures for the CAHPS Surgical Care		
	Survey.		

Indicate an Overall Performance Rate if more than 1	Measure Type	High Priority Measure	
performance rate is to be submitted.	(Composite; Cost/Resource	(Appropriate Use;	Outcome Measure (Yes
Specify which of the submitted rates will represent an	Use; Efficency; Intermediate	Patient Safety;	or No) (REQUIRED)
This measure represents a composite of 4 composite	Patient Engagment/	Patient Experience	Yes
measures derived, in part, from the S-CAHPS: Surgeon	Experience; Patient		
Communication Before Surgery (S-CAHPS questions 9 and	Reported Outcome		
11), Surgical Goals of Care Measure (three questions),			
Satisfaction with Information Measure (S-CAHPS questions			
3, 17, 26, 27), and the Postoperative Care Coordination			
Measure (S-CAHPS questions 31, 33, 34). For each			
composite of these 4 composites, respondents who			
answer at least one item of the composite are included in			
the scoring. In other words, the top box denominator is			
the number of respondents who answer at least one of			
the questions in each multi-item measure. The score for			
that composite is the proportion of responses (excluding			
missing data) in each response category. Please see			
instructions in Reporting Measures for the CAHPS Surgical			
Care Survey found on the AHRQ Website for more details.			
By way of scoring, each of the four composite measures			
would be scored individually, the average would then be			
calculated and rolled up into one overall score for this			
Surgical Phases of Care Patient Reported Outcome			
Composite Measure.			

Inverse Measure	Proportional	Continuous	Ratio Measure	If Continuous Variable	Is the Measure	•
(Yes or No)	Measure	Variable Measure	(Yes or No)	and/or Ratio is chosen,	Risk-Adjusted	indicate which
(REQUIRED)	(Yes or No)	(Yes or No)	(REQUIRED)	what would be the range		score is risk-
No	Yes	No	No	N/A	No	Case-mix
						adjustment can be
						done using the
						CAHPS macro.
						Specifically, case-
						mix adjustment is
						done via linear
						regression. The
						CAHPS consortium
						recommends self-
						reported overall
						health, age, and
						education as
						adjusters. These
						items are printed in
						the "About You"
						section of the
						survey, questions
						38-45.

Data Source Used for the Measure	Provide a concise summary of evidence of a
(Administrative clinical data, Facility discharge data,	performance gap, in addition to any study citation
Chronic condition data warehouse (CCW), Claims,	(REQUIRED)
Survey	Two major systematic reviews have examined the
·	relationships among patient experience, clinical
	processes, and patient outcomes. A systematic review
	performed by researchers in the U.K. found that
	patient experience is favorably associated with
	adherence to recommended medications and
	treatments, preventive care such as screenings and
	immunizations, patient-reported health outcomes,
	clinical outcomes, reduced healthcare utilization, and
	reduced adverse events (Doyle et al., 2013). More
	recently, in the U.S., Anhang Price et al. reviewed
	evidence on the association between patient
	experiences and other measures of health care
	quality (Anhang Price, 2014). They similarly found
	that better patient care experiences are associated
	with higher levels of adherence to recommended
	prevention and treatment processes, better clinical
	outcomes, and less health care utilization. At present
	time, there are no appropriate patient-reported
	measures that completely align with the five
	constructs in evaluating a surgical patient's
	experience with their care. After an exhaustive
	literature review, the study team felt that Goals of
	Care, Satisfaction with Information and Postoperative
	Care Coordination were partially measured with the
	Consumer Assessment of Healthcare Providers and
	Systems (CAHPS®) Surgical Care Survey (S-CAHPS). S-

Please indicate which	Is there a variance in the measure rate? If		
specialty/specialties this measure applies	yes, indicate if the variance is within your	Please provide any test data on	What is the measure
to	registry and/or from another source. If	reliability/validity.	funding source?
General Surgery; Cardiac Surgery; Thoracic	The main field test performed from June	N/A	N/A
Surgery; Vascular Surgery; Plastic and	to Sept of 2008 for the S-CAHPS suggests		
Reconstructive Surgery; Urology;	variability in surgical performance as well		
Gynecology; Otolaryngology; Colon and	as room for improvement across the topic		
Rectal Surgery; Surgical Oncology	areas addressed by the survey.		
	Accordingly, we expect performance		
	variation to exist for the questions		
	originating from the S-CAHPS.		
	Additionally, goals of care are currently		
	rarely, if ever, addressed in the care of		
	our surgical patients. This notion carries		
	strong face validity across surgeons,		
	particularly those focused on caring for		
	the older adult. Therefore, we can expect		
	performance variation to exist strongly		
	within this construct.		

ACS QCDR MIPS 2018 Self-Nomination
Surgical Phases of Care Patient-Reported Outcome Composite Measure (12 questions total)

Question origin crosswalk				
Question	Source	Construct Measured		
1	S-CAHPS question 9	Summer Communication Defens Summer		
2	S-CAHPS question 11	Surgeon Communication Before Surgery		
3	New Goals of Care question			
4	New Goals of Care question	Surgical Goals of Care		
5	New Goals of Care question			
6	S-CAHPS question 3			
7	S-CAHPS question 26	Satisfaction with Information		
8	S-CAHPS question 27	Sausfaction with information		
9	S-CAHPS question 17			
10	S-CAHPS question 31			
11	S-CAHPS question 33	Postoperative Care Coordination		
12	S-CAHPS question 34			

- 1. During your office visits before your surgery, did this surgeon listen carefully to you?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No
- 2. During your office visits before your surgery, did this surgeon encourage you to ask questions?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No
- 3. Before your surgery, did your surgeon ask you what you hoped to gain from surgery, such as less pain, longer life, able to do more of the things you like to do, etc.?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No
- 4. Before your surgery, did your surgeon tell you how surgery may affect your daily activities, such as getting dressed, brushing your teeth, walking the dog, etc.?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No
- 5. Before your surgery, did your surgeon tell you what your life might look like around two to three (2 to 3) months after surgery?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No
- 6. A health provider could be a doctor, nurse, or anyone else you would see for health care. Before your surgery, did anyone in this surgeon's office give you all the information you needed about your surgery?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No
- 7. Did anyone in this surgeon's office explain what to expect during your recovery period?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No

- 8. Did anyone in this surgeon's office warn you about any signs or symptoms that would need immediate medical attention during your recovery period?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No
- 9. Before you left the hospital or surgical facility, did this surgeon discuss the outcome of your surgery with you?
 - a. Yes
 - b. No
 - c. Don't know
- 10. After your surgery, did this surgeon listen carefully to you?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No
- 11. After your surgery, did this surgeon encourage you to ask questions?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No
- 12. After your surgery, did this surgeon show respect for what you had to say?
 - a. Yes, definitely
 - b. Yes, somewhat
 - c. No