



To my good friend Eleanor Grimm  
April 5, 1943

John G. Bennett



Crisity Court Studio  
313 SIXTH AVENUE  
PITTSBURGH, PA.

1938  
& 61 yrs.





S.F.

Dr. Martin  
Dr. Bowman  
Dr. Kenard

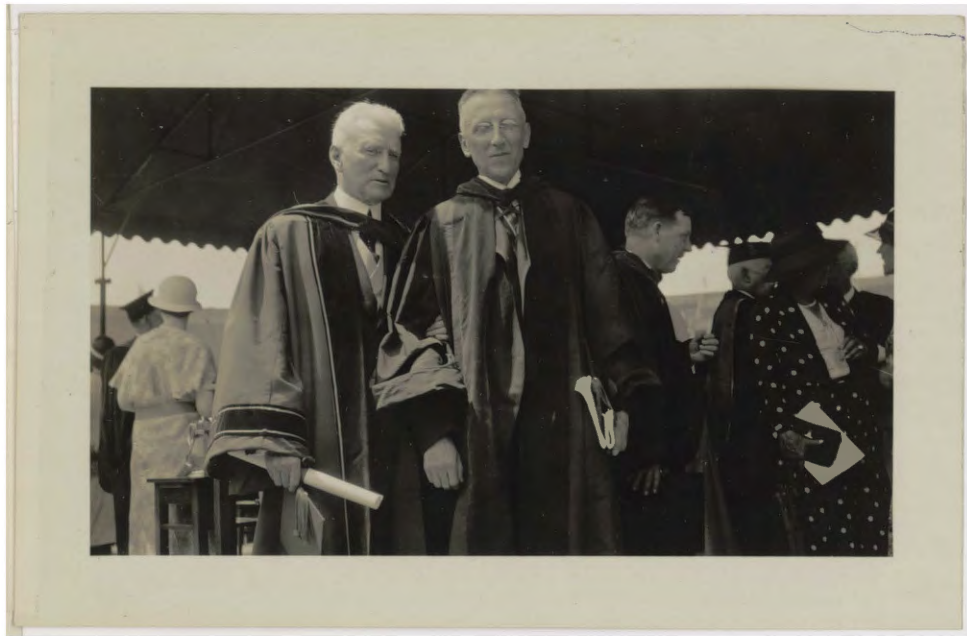
Dear Eleanor,

It will be a real  
pleasure when with the spring you  
come up our way.

And best wishes always,

J.A.D.





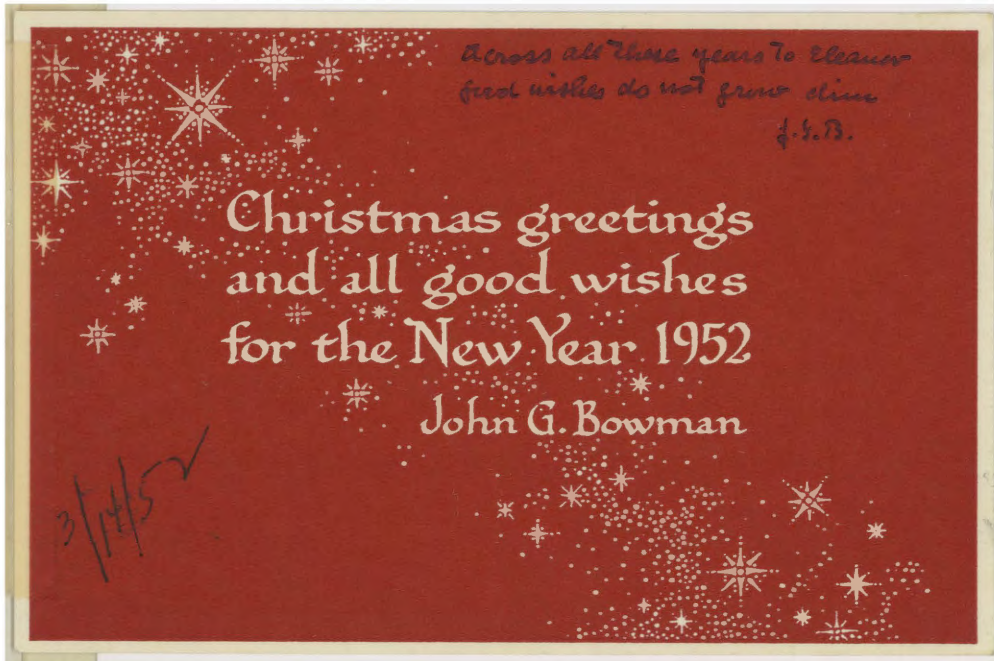
CHRISTMAS  
GREETINGS  
AND ALL GOOD  
WISHES © 1953  
XXXXXXXXX JOHN G. BOWMAN



420

1952





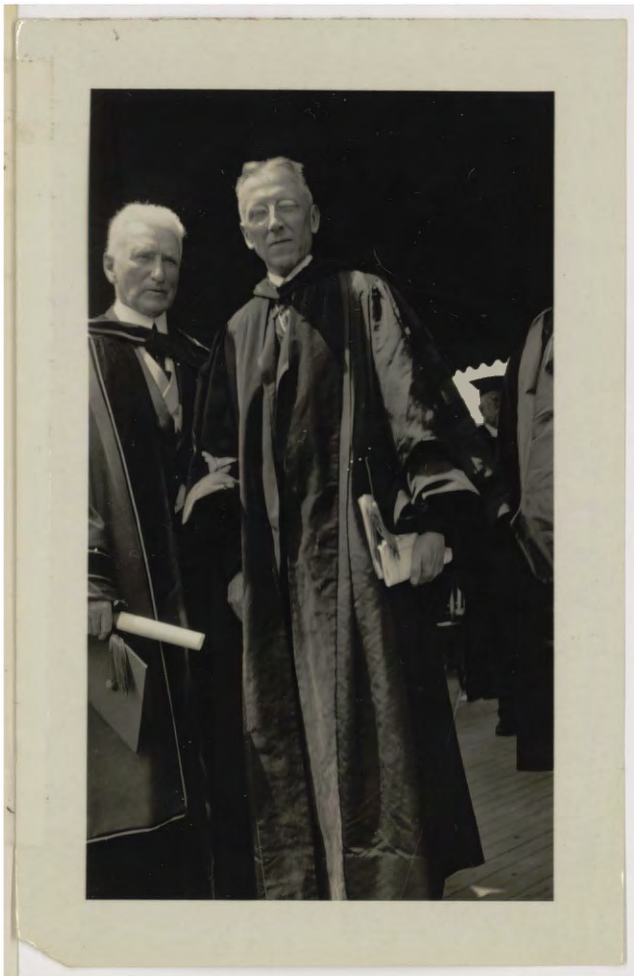


420

1933

VELOX

VELOX



❖ EXTRA BEST WISHES ❖  
For Christmas and the New Year  
to  
Eleanor K. Grimm  
from  
John G. Bowman  
1947

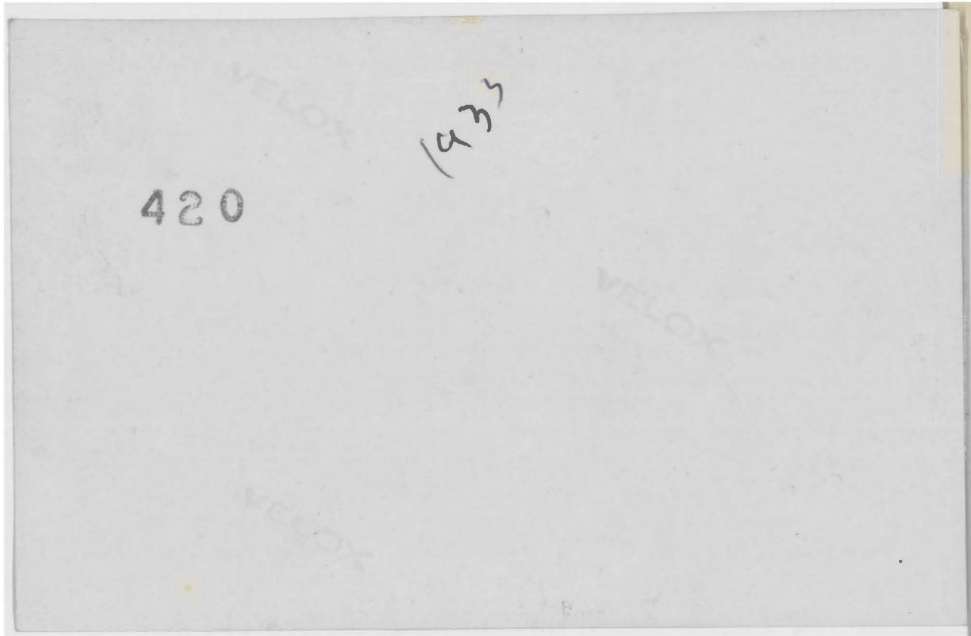


420

1933











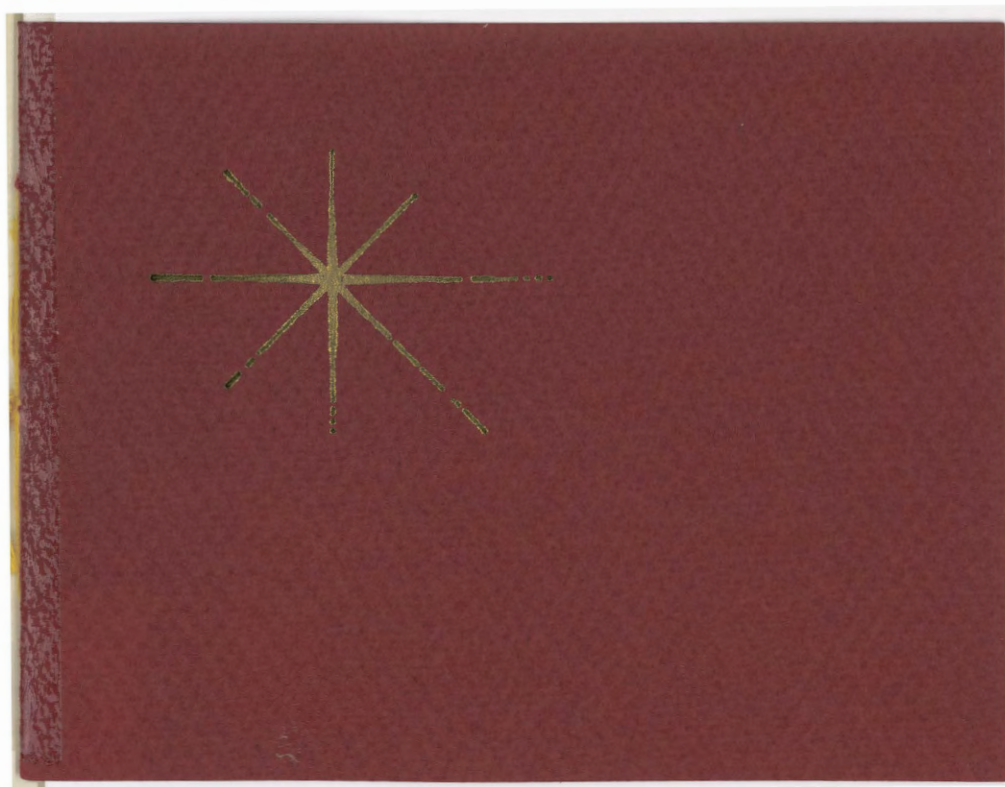
1959  
at Bedford.



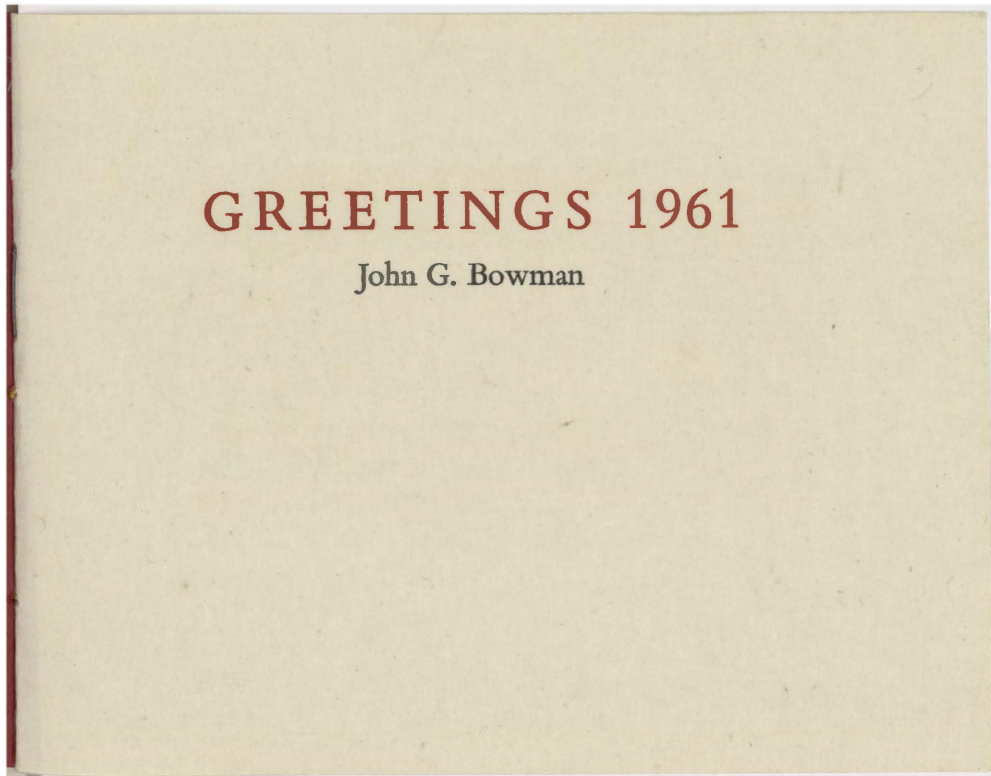
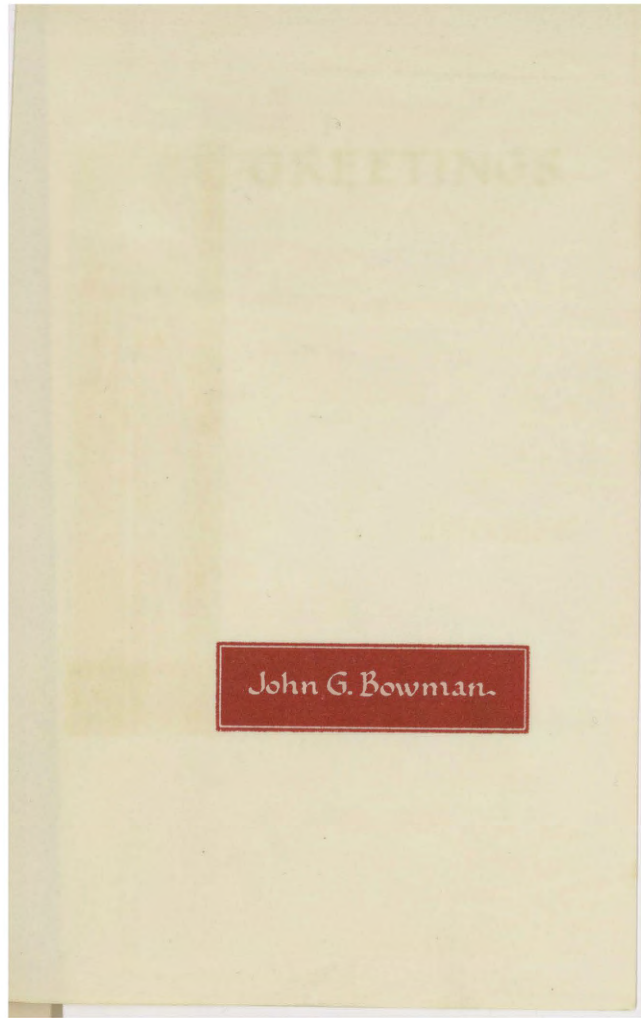
GREETINGS

Big trees at sunset ;  
Deep snow drifting---  
The "heart leaps up".

1957-1958









VIA AIR MAIL

Miss Eleanor K. Grimm  
1630 Hyde Park Street  
Sarasota  
Florida.

### IN OUR WOODS

Woodsfolk possibly as early as the year 1100 lived among the hills and mountains of Western Pennsylvania. They or their forebears wrote songs and poems about their journey from the Yukon Country to this land. They wrote by means of pictographs carved upon sticks. Here is a verse or pictograph of the epic which implies some of the thought, prayer, humility, and thanksgiving of our **CHRISTMAS SEASON.**



341 South Juliana Street  
Bedford, Pennsylvania



& 1957

Greetings ❖ Greetings

John G. Bowman



—Walam Olum, Book IV, Verse 29.

Dear Eleanor.

When I get out of this mess  
of Christmas cards I'm hoping to write you  
a letter.

J. G. B.



Pictograph: Two large triangles (left) represent mountains. Small squares (right), symbol of a village. Buffalo horns, food, buffalo meat. Central figure, Great Chief. Small triangle (left), camp fire.

Meaning\*: We live by the mountains. We have a Great Chief. We have food, buffalo meat. We have a camp fire and feel warmth, friendship, desire for peace, and goodwill.

\*With debt to the scholar, manufacturer, and my friend,  
Eli Lilly, Indianapolis.



CHRISTMAS  
GREETINGS

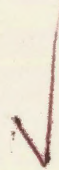


Miss Eleanor K. Grimm  
1630 Hyde Park Street  
Sarasota  
Florida.

Dear Eleanor,

Here's to being a great artist - you have  
not done anything except in a most excellent way. There  
also are some stamps which I collected. They may  
fit into your collection.

John



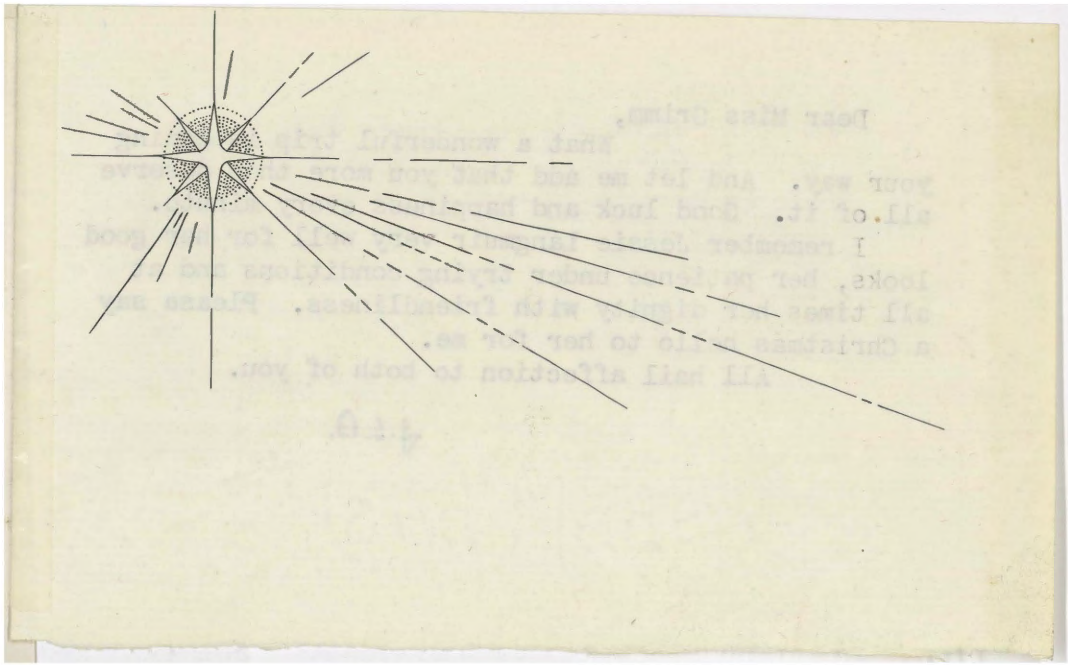
341 South Juliana Street  
Bedford, Pennsylvania

AND · BEST · WISHES  
FOR · THE · NEW · YEAR

1956

JOHN · G · BOWMAN





Dear Miss Grimm,

What a wonderful trip is coming your way. And let me add that you more than deserve all of it. Good luck and happiness every minute.

I remember Jessie Langmuir very well for her good looks, her patience under trying conditions and at all times her dignity with friendliness. Please say a Christmas hello to her for me.

All hail affection to both of you.

J. S. B.



GOOD WISHES, GOOD WISHES

John G. Bowman

1955

MERRY · CHRISTMAS  
HAPPY · NEW · YEAR  
+ 1959 + JOHN · G · BOWMAN +





VERY·BEST·WISHES  
FOR·CHRISTMAS  
&·THE·NEW·YEAR·1961  
JOHN·G·BOWMAN

Miss Eleanor K. Grimm

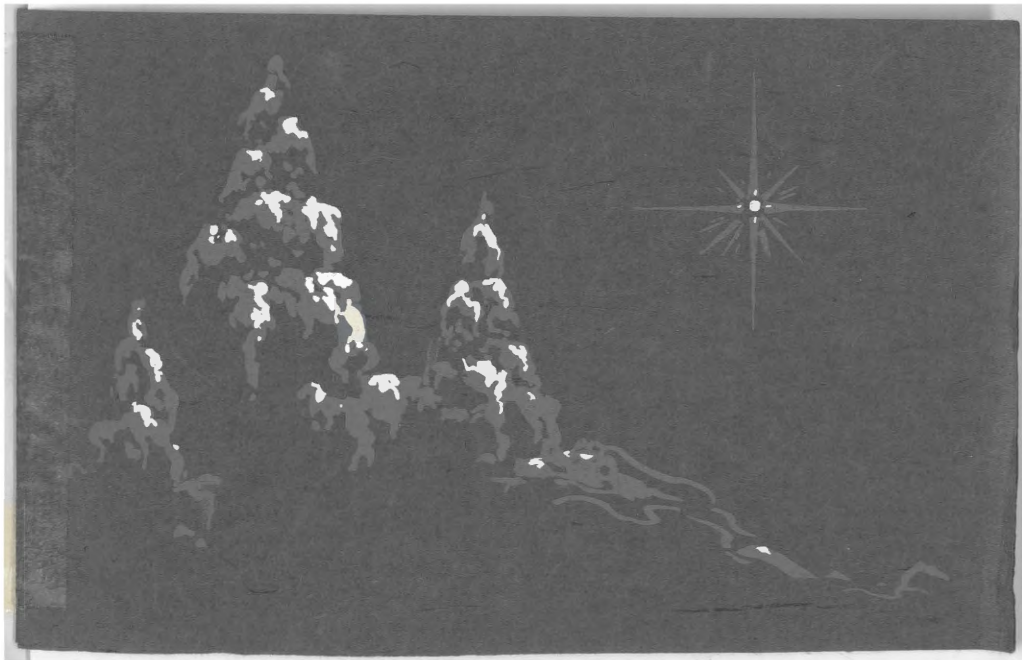
STARLIT MIST IS  
OVER THE SNOW  
Trees stand dark  
and high as though not  
attached to time.



Here, more than a seasonal  
greeting, is goodwill to you-  
wonder and loveliness and  
thankfulness for snow and  
trees and stars & friends.

John G. Bowman







GREETINGS  
BEST WISHES  
1960-JOHN G. BOWMAN



Chicago,  
November 7, 1913.

President John G. Bowman,  
University of Iowa,  
Iowa City, Iowa.

My dear Doctor:

I am informed that Dr. William R. Cubbins, of Chicago, is under consideration for Professor of Surgery in the Medical Department of the Iowa University. I have known Dr. Cubbins since long before his graduation in medicine. He was at one time my assistant and he has been teaching surgery as Professor in Surgery in the Post Graduate School for several years, and he has been one of the assistant teachers in surgery at the Northwestern Medical School, of Chicago, and was at one time an assistant professor in pathology in the Northwestern University and is considered one of the best surgical teachers among the men of his age in Chicago.

He is particularly fitted for teaching, because he is particularly interested in that sort of work. As a teacher, he is strong and magnetic, and has a strong following among the younger men of Chicago who have been his students.

Dr. Cubbins as a candidate for this position is fortunate, too, in having been fundamentally equipped as a teacher, having graduated at one of the strong southern literary colleges.

I am quite sure it is a matter of importance as to the social qualifications of such a man. Dr. Cubbins has a delightful family and his wife is always a leader among her acquaintances as a delightful hostess.

I can only add finally that Iowa University would make no mistake in placing Dr. Cubbins at the head of the Department of Surgery.

Yours very truly,

General Secretary.



February 8, 1915.

Prof. John G. Bowman,  
The Players,  
#16 Gramercy Park,  
New York City.

My dear Bowman: -

It is with great pleasure that I send to you,  
in my official capacity, the enclosed letter.

It is not unlikely that you will wish to come on  
and look the ground over for a few days and adjust the matters  
in the office to conform with the new deal. I will be glad  
if you will come directly to my house, where Mrs. Martin and I  
will be glad to welcome you as our guest and advise you in every  
way we can about your new home. We hope it will be possible  
for Mrs. Bowman to come with you.

I feel very much relieved that this thing has been  
settled in the way that it has, and look forward with great  
pleasure to welcoming you to what I hope will be a mighty in-  
teresting work.

Yours very truly,

The Players

April 30, 1915.

Dear Dr. Martin,-

About an hour ago I received your letter of April 27 and in the meantime I have been trying to mull down the right answer to it. Last evening I had dinner with Pritchett. He told me of a letter from James which he received upon his return recently from Chicago and of his brief reply to the effect that the Corporation had not been asked for money and that it had made no promises. He then said with a smile, "But it is probable that Martin will get what he wants."

At this time Mr. Carnegie is seriously ill, much more so than



has been given out. Mr. Pritchett is staying close at hand, going to the office only for an occasional visit. This makes any consideration such as you have in mind difficult. My feeling is that for a period of years the Corporation might finance the administration of the get-together plan in Chicago, pending adequate endowment. The Fogola proposition I think is much more doubtful. In fact I believe this might injure the larger chance. Pritchett's good will is heartily with you now and I am inclined to advise no move at least until we have had a talk.

Pritchett advises that the A.C.S. should not take up the Hospital study or the Minnesota <sup>matter</sup> until it becomes more thoroughly established and



understood.

There is a movement under way, confidentially, for a Federal medical examination board which the College must get into string. This may put a new aspect upon our whole plan of admission of Fellows. Pritchett has insisted that in this board the College and the A.M.A. should have equal representation. But all of this is still under cover.

In a few days I shall be glad to be in Chicago again.

Faithfully yours,

John G. Burman.

# WESTERN UNION TELEGRAM



GEORGE W. E. ATKINS, VICE-PRESIDENT

NEWCOMB CARLTON, PRESIDENT

BELVIDERE BROOKS, VICE-PRESIDENT

RECEIVER'S No.	TIME FILED	CHECK
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SEND the following Telegram, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to

Chicago, November 29, 1918

191

To ~~John G. Downer~~

~~Players Club, New York City, New York~~

Five hundred <sup>and</sup> two thousand counting present fund forty eight hundred

~~shy not counting present fund~~ Secure promise from Britchett for College help on hospitals

Franklin H. Martin

sent paid  
charge to American College of Surgeons  
30 North Michigan Avenue

SENDER'S ADDRESS  
FOR ANSWER

SENDER'S TELE-  
PHONE NUMBER



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1. The Company shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery, of any UNREPEATED telegram, beyond the amount received for sending the same; nor for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery, of any REPEATED telegram, beyond fifty times the sum received for sending the same, unless specially valued; nor in any case for delays arising from unavoidable interruption in the working of its lines; nor for errors in cipher or obscure telegrams.
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3. The Company is hereby made the agent of the sender, without liability, to forward this telegram over the lines of any other Company when necessary to reach its destination.
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6. The Company will not be liable for damages or statutory penalties in any case where the claim is not presented in writing within sixty days after the telegram is filed with the Company for transmission.
7. No employee of the Company is authorized to vary the foregoing.

**THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY**

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Accepted up to midnight for delivery on the morning of the next ensuing business day, at rates still lower than standard night telegram rates, as follows: The standard day rate for 10 words shall be charged for the transmission of 50 words or less, and one-fifth of such standard day rate for 10 words shall be charged for each additional 10 words or less. Must be written in plain English. Code language not permissible. Mail delivery, postage prepaid, permissible.



THE PLAYERS  
SIXTEEN STAMLEY HALL

June 19, 1916.

Dear Dr. Martin,-

Report no. 1. I've been thinking. Strange how the obvious can come down and be new. But that's what happened. Partly because of the way and far more because of the love of mental adventure I became interested across the way. Of this I told you from time to time. Then in a talk with you surface details cleared away and the big things, the real causes alone, were left. No man has more to work for than I have nor does he have more sound or kind help in that work. None of this is new; and

yet there is something strangely precious  
in these facts as they strike one now.  
There is a sort of glory that effort can  
create; and when one has a sense  
of worlds to conquer as you have  
it acts as that admirable Arabian  
carpet whereon thought transmutes  
itself to concrete form and sends  
one's blood to the fingertips with  
singleness of purpose.

I've been watching the clouds go  
by the Metropolitan Tower this evening  
and this note to you became a  
necessity. I am deeply grateful to  
you for many many things, all



of which I shall try to express with  
a new simpleness of purpose in the  
work at hand. And I want to  
say that I am very happy in doing  
it.

Faithfully yours,

John L. Burman.

Dr. Franklin H. Martin.



November 27, 1916.

Dear Dr. Martin,-

after some considerable  
railroad wreck I reached New York  
Saturday evening. At Forest, Ohio, our  
train, going 60 miles an hour, was derailed.  
The engine and baggage cars were completely  
smashed. The next three cars went  
crosswise on the track. No one was hurt!

Dr. Walker's letter reached me this  
morning. At noon I saw him. He  
said that the Fellows of New York want  
a meeting. He said that they feel that  
they must get into the work of the  
College in earnest. The meeting is to  
be at the Yale Club on the evening  
of December 6.

Have arranged to bring Fisher  
Wednesday afternoon at two o'clock in  
New Haven. Will try to see Dr de  
Schweinitz Friday and Dr Smith at  
Baltimore Saturday. Have a meeting  
tomorrow noon about Catholic Hospitals.

Left Dr. Simpson at Pittsburg, but  
he is apt to be here later this week.

The electric has had an astonishing  
effect on the folk here. They are  
wakening up - there are stars after all!

Hastily yours,

John G. Bourne.

Dr. Franklin H. Martin.

(Have a room at The Players.)





CHANCELLOR HOTEL  
UNION SQUARE  
SAN FRANCISCO  
MISS D. G. MAHON  
MANAGER

7-6  
march 23, 1917.

Dear Dr. Martin, -

Monday I was feeling much better and against some mild protest here I sent word that I would be at Reno Thursday. The enclosed program is part of the result. The Governor came over in his auto from Carson City and the town generally turned <sup>out</sup> for the dinner. It was really a beautiful affair and one unique for its fun and seriousness. Under separate cover I am sending you one of the "favors" of the dinner - this at the





CHANCELLOR HOTEL  
UNION SQUARE  
SAN FRANCISCO  
MISS D. O. MAHON  
MANAGER

Special request of Dr. Young.

There are five or six surgeons in Reno who should be Fellows. For all the good time we had, I am inclined to hesitate in two instances rather than take the judgment of San Francisco Fellows.

Am feeling fairly well and expect now to make the trip through with some bunch. Wish mighty gas had been with us at Reno yesterday.

Faithfully yours,

John G. Downes

Dr. Franklin H. Martin.

New York  
May 19, 1920.

Dear Dr. Martin, -  
Saw Dr. Farrand.

He said that if we would acquire the approval of five on the enclosed list, the Commonwealth Fund would be satisfied. I answered that the approval of these men would have no real bearing in the matter; that ultimately we were confident that all of these men would approve; that we would not ask the opinion now of any of them; that the principle of proceeding in such a way was wrong.

At first Dr. Farrand replied that this answer closed the matter.



Finally he said that he would take  
the project back to the board and  
endeavor to have it passed  
"without strings".

In Boston was made chairman of a  
committee of three with power to act  
to go ahead with the training school  
for superintendents. Rockefeller Foundation  
is to vote \$10,000 Wednesday to cover  
cost of preparing statement of needs,  
curricula, etc.

met Brooklyn Credentials Committee

last night. Mailed report. Leave for  
Montreal at 7:45 P.M. today.

Faithfully yours

John G. Burnham -



DIAGNOSTIC CLINICS

Suggested representatives for Committee

*5 from the following*

Wm. H. Welch

Frank Billings of Chicago

Longcope of New York

Wm. Darrach, New York

Victor Vaughan, Michigan

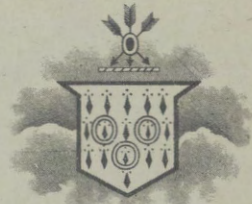
Edsall of Harvard

(Christian of Harvard)

George Dock of St. Louis

(Canby Robinson)

Ray Wilbur of Stanford



QUEEN HOTEL

WM. MOMBOURQUETTE, MGR.

HALIFAX, N.S.

May 25, 1920.

Dear Dr. Martin, -

Spent yesterday in hospitals here; met the five Fellows last evening at dinner; passed 12 men without examination. This noon I meet the business men and tonight the entire medical profession here, hospital trustees, Governor of the Province, etc. Two days here seem mighty much worth while.

Tonight I leave over the line on which we made the sacrifice to science. Will write again in a day or two.

Faithfully yours

John G. Bowman

Dr. Franklin H. Martin



*Dr. Williams*

*Feb 12 / 14 / 20*

*Out end of 1*

JOHN G. BOWMAN

AT the beginning of the new year, Mr. John G. Bowman, Director of the College during the past six years, goes to the University of Pittsburgh as its Chancellor. He goes with the singular good will of the Regents and of the Fellows of the College; and he goes with such opportunities of usefulness in Pittsburgh that he had no option as to whether or not he should accept the new work.

At a meeting of the Regents of the College, held December 14, 1920, Mr. Bowman was made, on motion of Dr. Ochsner, an honorary regent of the College. Why such action was taken every Fellow will appreciate. As Dr. C. H. Mayo put it at the time: "We shall not allow Mr. Bowman really to go away."

At this meeting of the Regents Mr. Bowman presented a letter in which he stated the fundamental principles which have evolved about the policy of the College since its beginning. It is a statement of the principles which illuminate the repetitive drudgery of surgery into a privilege of service. There is no false note in it; there is religion in all of it. He keeps his feet on the ground while he looks at the rainbow.

The letter of Mr. Bowman is given in full below. It is worth a thoughtful reading. It is a statement of the policy of the College in the past and it is a statement of the policy of the College looking toward the future. "The great thing," the letter says, "both socially and scientifically, is not to avoid mistakes, but to throw all mistakes and successes as they occur under such review that they can be utilized for increased intelligence in the future." That statement is the basis of the hospital standardization program of the College. The truth in it is the reason for the success of the program. It does not limit the "initiative, freedom, or foresight" of the doctor in his work. Its soundness seems beyond debate.

"Progress," Mr. Bowman says, is "forever a process of change." But he points out that this change must be guided by intelligence and courage if the progress is to be worth while. In so far now as the College is an agency for constructive progress, the statement throws responsibility upon the individual Fellow. The concern of each Fellow is to effect this change or that which shall remold the practice of surgery nearer to the heart's desire. The College has certainly won national respect for its constructive work and its policy, as here stated, differentiates it from other medical societies. The letter follows:

To the Regents of the American College of Surgeons.

*Gentlemen:* As most of you knew in advance of the decision, I am to go to the University of Pittsburgh about the first of the new year. No letter of resignation from me seems now to be needed. But I do desire to set down in barest black and white my grateful appreciation of your kindness and good will through our six years' work together.

Since the beginning of work with the College, I have never doubted its worth. Rather, as was possible only through experience, my confidence in it has increased. I believe that you also find these conclusions in yourselves. But, looking for-



ward, let me discuss here briefly some of the ideas which we have evolved together in the policy of the College.

The usefulness of the College depends upon its power to project a better future in the science and practice of medicine and to assist in the realization of that future. Such a program of action concerns itself necessarily with principles, not dogmas; with principles to be tried, corrected, expanded, or rejected as, under the test of experience, they prove or fail to prove their value. It necessitates an alert open-mindedness to re-adjust ideas and habits which have hardened through long years into custom. Progress in the practice of medicine means forever a process of change based upon our intelligence and courage to utilize experience.

No group of men in the world, it seems to me, have in the last decade so clearly demonstrated their desires and capabilities to utilize their experience for the advancement of their work as have the Fellows of the College. One of the most vital problems, however, with which these men struggle today seems to me especially to demand our clearest thinking. That problem is to cause the purpose or the idealism of medicine to interpenetrate with the scientific or technical side of medicine.

To the Fellows of the College life is practical. The force of circumstance compels them onward. The future which they cast for themselves is an immediate one. They are impatient for results. In this swift current of action the Fellows sometimes look upon the technical details of surgery as upon details of business; and in performing operations they may confuse self-confidence, vitality, and technical capacity on the one hand, with their intentions, purposes, or ultimate motive of service on the other. Some may even plod through diagnoses and operations with tedium and dislike, failing to put faith or the force of conscience into each step which would sweep them on through a life, not colorless, but filled with inspiration. When this confusion occurs, the result is both disappointment and irritation; and then come protests and discontent with the practice of surgery.

On many an occasion I have interpreted such expressions of protest as meanness. In this I was wrong. The cause of the irritation is not meanness; the real cause in nearly every instance is undiscovered by the men who express their irritation. It lies in the failure of the individuals to adjust and to control present customs, traditions, institutions, and their own temperaments in relation to the requirements of modern surgery. The intellectual process of surgery and the repetitive details are cold and uninteresting to them because divorced from aspiration. The true interpretation of the situation is, in my judgment, that the protests are inwardly kind and really intended to be helpful. They are cries in the dark. The fact that such protests exist is evidence of wholesome unrest and is a valid indication of desire for light which means progress.

If we admit that good in this world endures only through communication, and that the purpose of the surgeon is to create happiness, relief of pain, and the prolongation of life, then we cannot escape the conclusion that the work of the surgeon is involved in that region at least on the borderland of religion. His life is inseparable from high emotional content. The difficulty now rests in the fact that this inherent emotion, or let me say, idealism, in the practice of surgery today fails in many instances to interpenetrate with the science of surgery. The



faith of the surgeon does not fuse with his technical work; the repetition of operations becomes unilluminated drudgery; or, as we say, the surgeon fails to make "religion" of his work. This fact, in my opinion, is both the chief cause of discontent in the medical profession and the outstanding obstacle to progress. As fusion of high purpose and of scientific proficiency is accomplished, then will follow the triumph of surgery and, in fact, of all medicine. Details of work day by day will then be as a privilege of service filled with inspiration; and to earn a living in medicine will also be to live a life through which happiness spontaneously breaks out.

But how is the administration of the College to hasten such an end? Certainly not by sentimental propaganda nor by insistence that men by effort of will knit higher motives into their work. The process must be one largely of absorption through example; and this policy is exactly the one upon which the College is now engaged.

First, the clinical meetings being held in the various states and provinces are designed, in part, to convey scientific information to those present. This is important, but it is only a minor purpose. The larger purpose is to set into motion swifter vibrations among those present as to the basic meaning of surgery. Perfection of technique, simplicity to the last degree, and gentleness in an operation may be taught by example; and so may the force of conscience and faith be shown by work when they are really present in the work. In this way conscience and faith may be transmitted to men and inspire them to their highest effort. When inspiration and not dislike radiates from each motion of the hand of an operator, the lesson will penetrate to the heart. The effect of such contact at these clinics may be unmeasurable, but it is certain and lasting.

Second, stimulus to the conscience of the profession comes through the hospital program of the College. The great thing underlying all of this work, both socially and scientifically, is not to avoid mistakes, but to throw all mistakes and successes as they occur under such review that they can be utilized for increased intelligence in the future. This means the regular and orderly use of experience. How great a factor conscience must be also in such review is obvious. The plan is one for collective efficiency and is in no way a block to individual initiative, freedom, or foresight.

Third, both the clinical meetings and the hospital program aim to stimulate in the public a desire upon a rational basis for the realization of the practice of medicine as it ought to be. The reaction of the public, then, upon the profession is at once swift, wholesome, and effective.

In conclusion, let me repeat that for many years to come at least your task is to make the motives of surgery articulate, first, to the surgeons themselves and, second, to the public. Headway in this aim will be abundantly reflected in scientific progress. For your clear insight and for your courage to proceed along such principles you have my highest admiration.

I am, faithfully yours,  
December 14, 1920.

JOHN G. BOWMAN.



THE SECRETARY OF THE TREASURY  
WASHINGTON

January 5, 1922

Dr. Franklin Martin,  
30 North Michigan Avenue,  
Chicago, Ill.

Dear Franklin,

Congratulations to you on the D. S. O.

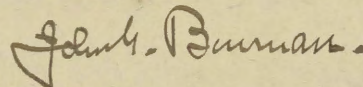
I had just heard about it here.

Billings has talked me into agreement to speak for the Council of the American Medical Association in Chicago next March, subject Principles of Hospital Standardization.

I hope one of these days to see you in Pittsburgh.

With all good wishes, I am,

Faithfully yours,



Chancellor,  
University of Pittsburgh.



THE UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH  
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

OFFICE OF  
THE CHANCELLOR

December 1, 1932

Dear Franklin:

I am really very glad to have your letter of November 28 and to hear about the meeting in St. Louis and about Bentley and about the fresh glory for the old Roman that you are. I was liking all that part of your letter splendidly until I came to a full stop at the question, "Why don't you stop high-hatting us?" It had not occurred to me that there was any high-hatting in the situation. On second thought, though, if there is some, I am the high-hattee, not the high-hatter. You think about that.

Really, Franklin, I feel more deeply indebted to you than you know. Some of the best times which I have ever had were with you.

With best wishes always, I am

Faithfully yours,

*John*

Dr. Franklin H. Martin



c to Mr. Marcus Aaron

May 31, 1933

Chancellor John G. Bowman  
University of Pittsburgh  
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

My dear "Dominie:"

Isabelle and I expect to land in Pittsburgh somewhere near the evening of Monday, June 5th, and have engaged rooms at the Hotel Schenley. This will give us an opportunity to rest up on Tuesday, and possibly to see a very cherished friend of mine in Pittsburgh with whom I have played for the last two winters, Mr. Marcus Aaron. It is possible he will want to visit with me a little on Tuesday, thus, that will relieve you of any responsibility in looking after one of many guests.

We hope, of course, to see you and the Madam if she is available, and to have a short visit with you and receive instructions from the mogul himself. I will be on time for the much appreciated degree at the time specified on Wednesday morning, and if it is perfectly convenient, Isabelle and I would be glad to go to the farm in the mountains the afternoon of Wednesday, returning that night, and prepared to leave for Chicago again Thursday morning.

We expect to motor, therefore, will have with us our car and a chauffeur.

I sincerely hope that Mrs. Bowman will be able to see us, and for heaven's sake don't allow her to treat us in any way as company.

Sincerely yours,



THE UNIVERSITY OF PITTSBURGH  
PITTSBURGH, PENNSYLVANIA

OFFICE OF  
THE CHANCELLOR

May 22, 1933

Dear Franklin:

I am delighted that you and Isabelle are to be here Wednesday, June 7. Dr. Linhart, I believe, has given you details about the program.

If I can work out my end of the plan here, let me suggest that the three of us leave here Wednesday afternoon for the farm in the mountains. We can spend a day there. I must be in New Brunswick on Friday.

Mrs. Bowman is not more than half able to be about. She may go to Commencement, but if she does so, that will be the limit.

With kind personal wishes, I am

Faithfully yours,

*John Bowman*

Dr. Franklin H. Martin



CLASS OF SERVICE DESIRED	
DOMESTIC	CABLE
TELEGRAM	FULL RATE
DAY LETTER	DEFERRED
NIGHT MESSAGE	NIGHT LETTER
NIGHT LETTER	WEEK END LETTER

Patrons should check class of service desired; otherwise message will be transmitted as a full-rate communication.

# WESTERN UNION

NEWCOMB CARLTON, PRESIDENT

J. C. WILLEVER, FIRST VICE-PRESIDENT

Send the following message, subject to the terms on back hereof, which are hereby agreed to

May 17, 1933

*June 7*

Chancellor John G. Bowman  
University of Pittsburgh  
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

Thanks for delightful telegram The lady and I shall respond

Franklin H. Martin

Charge - Surgical Publishing Co.  
54 East Erie Street

WESTERN UNION MESSENGERS ARE AVAILABLE FOR THE DELIVERY OF NOTES AND PACKAGES



## TERMS TAKEN BY THIS COMPANY ARE SUBJECT TO THE FOLLOWING TERMS:

...takes or delays, the sender of a message should order it repeated, that is, telegraphed back to the originating office for comparison. For this, message rate is charged in addition. Unless otherwise indicated on its face, this is an unrepeated message and paid for as such, in it is agreed between the sender of the message and this company as follows:

...any shall not be liable for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for non-delivery, of any message received for transmission at the unrepeated-message rate beyond the sum of five thousand dollars, unless specially valued; nor in any case for delays arising from unavoidable interruptions of its lines; nor for errors in cipher or obscure messages.

...event the company shall not be liable for damages for mistakes or delays in the transmission or delivery, or for the non-delivery, of any message, whether the negligence of its servants or otherwise, beyond the sum of five thousand dollars, at which amount each message is deemed to be valued, unless a greater charge equal to one-tenth of one percent of the amount by which such valuation shall exceed five thousand dollars.

...company is hereby made the agent of the sender, without liability, to forward this message over the lines of any other company when necessary to reach the destination.

- Domestic messages and incoming cable messages will be delivered free within one-half mile of the company's office in towns of 5,000 population or less, and one mile of such office in other cities or towns. Beyond these limits the company does not undertake to make delivery, but will, without liability, at the request, as his agent and at his expense, endeavor to contract for him for such delivery at a reasonable price.
5. No responsibility attaches to this company concerning messages until the same are accepted at one of its transmitting offices; and if a message is sent to such by one of the company's messengers, he acts for that purpose as the agent of the sender.
  6. The company will not be liable for damages or statutory penalties in any case where the claim is not presented in writing within sixty days after the message is received by the company for transmission.
  7. It is agreed that in any action by the company to recover the tolls for any message or messages the prompt and correct transmission and delivery thereof shall be deemed, subject to rebuttal by competent evidence.
  8. Special terms governing the transmission of messages according to their classes, as enumerated below, shall apply to messages in each of such respective classes in addition to all the foregoing terms.
  9. No employee of the company is authorized to vary the foregoing.

**THE WESTERN UNION TELEGRAPH COMPANY**  
INCORPORATED  
NEWCOMB CARLTON, PRESIDENT

## CLASSES OF SERVICE

### TELEGRAMS

...full-rate expedited service.

### NIGHT MESSAGES

...accepted up to 2:00 A.M. at reduced rates to be sent during the night and delivered not earlier than the morning of the ensuing business day.

Night Messages may at the option of the Telegraph Company be mailed at destination to the addressees, and the Company shall be deemed to have discharged its obligation in such cases with respect to delivery by mailing such night messages to the destination, postage prepaid.

### DAY LETTERS

A deferred day service at rates lower than the standard telegram rates as follows: One and one-half times the standard night letter rate for the transmission of 50 words or less and one-fifth of the initial rates for each additional 10 words or less.

#### SPECIAL TERMS APPLYING TO DAY LETTERS:

In further consideration of the reduced rate for this special Day Letter service, the following special terms in addition to those enumerated above are hereby agreed to:

Day Letters may be forwarded by the Telegraph Company as a deferred service and the transmission and delivery of such Day Letters is, in all respects, subordinate to the priority of transmission and delivery of regular telegrams.

The Day Letter is received subject to the express understanding and agreement that the Company does not undertake that a Day Letter shall be delivered on the day of its date absolutely, and at all events; but that the Company's obligation in this respect is subject to the condition that there shall remain sufficient time for the transmission and delivery of such Day Letter on the day of its date during regular office hours, subject to the priority of the transmission of regular telegrams under the conditions named above.

No employee of the Company is authorized to vary the foregoing.

### NIGHT LETTERS

...accepted up to 2:00 A.M. for delivery on the morning of the ensuing business day, at rates still lower than standard night message rates, as follows: The stand-

...ard telegram rate for 10 words shall be charged for the transmission of 50 words or less, and one-fifth of such standard telegram rate for 10 words shall be charged for each additional 10 words or less.

#### SPECIAL TERMS APPLYING TO NIGHT LETTERS:

In further consideration of the reduced rates for this special Night Letter service, the following special terms in addition to those enumerated above are hereby agreed to:

Night Letters may at the option of the Telegraph Company be mailed at destination to the addressees, and the Company shall be deemed to have discharged its obligation in such cases with respect to delivery by mailing such Night Letters at destination, postage prepaid.

No employee of the Company is authorized to vary the foregoing.

### FULL RATE CABLES

An expedited service throughout. Code language permitted.

### DEFERRED HALF-RATE CABLES

Subject to being deferred in favor of full rate messages for not exceeding 24 hours. Must be in plain language of country of origin or of destination, or in French. This service is in effect with most countries throughout the world.

### CABLE NIGHT LETTERS

An overnight, low-rate, plain-language service. Delivery by mail beyond London will be made if a full mailing address is given and the words "Post" and "London" are written in the address. Minimum 20 or 25 words charged for.

### WEEK-END LETTERS

At still lower rates. Similar to Cable Night Letters except that they are accepted up to midnight Saturday for delivery Monday morning, if telegraphic delivery is selected. Minimum 20 or 25 words charged for.



# University of Pittsburgh

BIGELOW BOULEVARD

May 17, 1933.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

Dr. Franklin H. Martin,  
40 East Erie Street,  
Chicago, Ill.

My dear Dr. Martin:

The Board of Trustees of the University wishes to confer upon you the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at Commencement on Wednesday, June 7, 1933.

The rules of the University require the recipient of an honorary degree to be present, wearing academic costume. The hood appropriate to the degree is furnished by the University. We also arrange to furnish for temporary use cap and gown for those who desire them,

It is the custom of the University to make no public announcement of honorary degrees until the time when they are conferred.

It will give us great pleasure and we will consider it an honor to know that you are willing to receive this degree from the University and will be present at Commencement.

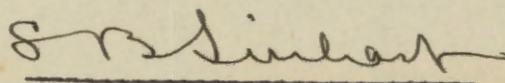
The Commencement Exercises will take place in the University stadium, or, in case of rain in Syria Mosque, both of which are near the University. The exercises will be held at 10:15 o'clock Daylight Savings time and those to receive honorary degrees will be asked to meet either at the stadium or at Syria Mosque at 9:30 o'clock.

We shall also wish you and Mrs. Martin to be our guests at the luncheon at the Pittsburgh Athletic Association immediately after the Commencement exercises.

I will appreciate it very much if you will advise me at your early convenience whether you will be present to receive this degree at Commencement on June 7, whether you wish us to furnish cap and gown for your use and your name in full as it should appear on the diploma.

Assuring you that we look forward with great pleasure to your coming to the University, I am,

Cordially yours,

  
Secretary

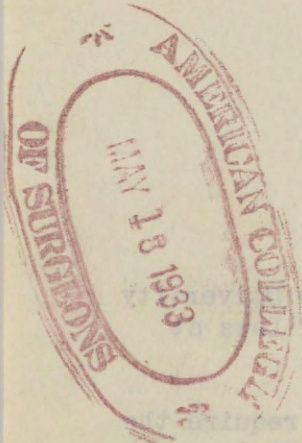


University of Illinois

ESSEX BUILDING

May 18, 1933

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY



Dr. Franklin B. Merrill  
40 East Erie Street  
Chicago, Ill.

My dear Dr. Merrill:

The Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois wishes to confer upon you the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws at the commencement on Wednesday, June 7, 1933. The honor of an honorary degree is conferred by the University. The honor of an honorary degree is conferred by the University. The honor of an honorary degree is conferred by the University. The honor of an honorary degree is conferred by the University.

If the matter of the University to confer upon you the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws is approved by the Board of Trustees of the University of Illinois, the degree will be conferred upon you at the commencement on Wednesday, June 7, 1933.

It will give us great pleasure and we will consider it an honor to know that you are willing to receive this degree from the University and will be present at the commencement.

The commencement exercises will take place in the University Stadium, on the campus of the University, on Wednesday, June 7, 1933. The exercises will be held at 10:15 o'clock (daylight savings time) and those to receive honorary degrees will be asked to meet either at the stadium or at the University of Illinois at 9:30 o'clock.

We shall also wish you to be present at the luncheon at the University of Illinois immediately after the commencement exercises.

I will appreciate it very much if you will advise me at your early convenience whether you will be present to receive this degree at the commencement on June 7, whether you wish us to arrange for and your for your use and your name in full as it should appear on the diploma.

Assuring you that we look forward with great pleasure to your coming to the University, I am,

Cordially yours,

*Franklin B. Merrill*  
Secretary



June 7

May 18, 1933

S. B. Linhart, Esq.  
Secretary, University of Pittsburgh  
Bigelow Boulevard  
Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania

My dear Mr. Linhart:

Will you kindly convey to the Board of Trustees of the University of Pittsburgh my grateful thanks for the distinctive honor which they desire to confer upon me at the Commencement on Wednesday, June 7, 1933?

It will be my great pleasure to be present on June 7. I shall bring with me the presidential gown and cap of the American College of Surgeons. My name in full is as follows:

Franklin H. Martin.

Mrs. Martin and I will be delighted to accept the invitation for luncheon at the Pittsburgh Athletic Association immediately after the Commencement exercises. I have noted the place and time of meeting in advance of the conferring of degrees -- either at the stadium or at Syria Mosque at 9:30 o'clock daylight savings time.

Trusting that I may have the pleasure of meeting you, and with renewed thanks for the message which you have transmitted to me, believe me

Sincerely yours,

CLASS OF SERVICE

This is a full-rate Telegram or Cablegram unless its deferred character is indicated by a suitable symbol above or preceding the address.

# WESTERN UNION

1201

(78)

SYMBOLS

- DL=Day Letter
- NL=Night Letter
- LT=Int'l Letter Telegram
- VLT=Int'l Victory Ltr.

W. P. MARSHALL, PRESIDENT

The filing time shown in the date line on telegrams and day letters is STANDARD TIME at point of origin. Time of receipt is STANDARD TIME at point of destination

AA63 PD443

1954 MAY 17 PM 4 33

P. BDA034 PD=BEDFORD PENN 17 417PME

MISS ELEANOR GRIMM=

1630 HYDE PARK S SARASOTA FLO=

:WILL BE DELIGHTED TO SEE YOU IN JUNE AS YOU SUGGEST=

:JOHN G BOWMAN=

*Answered*  
*11/27/54*

*112 OK*  
*DA535P DA644P*  
*DA655 DA750P*

No. 36653	To
By	Tel. No.

THE COMPANY WILL APPRECIATE SUGGESTIONS FROM ITS PATRONS CONCERNING ITS SERVICE



Until May 24 -  
1630 Hyde Park Street  
Sarasota, Florida

May 9, 1954

Dear Doctor Bowman, -

My plans have been uncertain, because of illness in my family in Chicago and Wisconsin. But the situation has now reached a level which enables me to make definite plans.

I expect to motor from here to Washington, where I shall be from May 28 to June 2 (405 Brook Drive, Falls Church, Virginia); then to New York from June 2 to 7 (Holly Hotel, c/e Mrs. Bettie Lou White Fisher - sister of Goodrich White, President of Emory University who may be known to you); and I expect to reach Bedford Springs on the afternoon of June 8. A lifelong friend, who was with me when I was in Bedford Springs two years ago, will be driving to Chicago with me, and we shall stay at a Motel in Bedford Springs until the morning of June 10. All of this, of course, in the hope that you will be in Bedford Springs on June 8 and 9 so that we may talk over the history of the ACS in whose course you had a great guiding hand.

Will you be good enough to send me word here as early as convenient so that I may complete my plans with my friend who lives on Long Island. I have already recorded 44 reels of the history, each 60 minutes of wire; and I have about that much more to record before my part of the job will have been completed. Of course I declined to write the history, first, because I was too close to it and its dramatic events to see it in proper perspective; second because I naturally had great loyalties to my chiefs and associates at the College; and, third, and most important, because I am not a writer, and the history of the ACS demands the best talents available. Mr. Greer Williams, whom you have met, is to write the story, but just when has not been definitely decided.

With my best wishes to you always, and the hope that we may meet on June 8 and 9, believe me

Always sincerely yours,

341 SOUTH JULIANA STREET

BEDFORD, PENNSYLVANIA February 4, 1954

Dear Miss Grimm,

The fact that I have not answered your good note of December 14 is, it might be, a sign that I am getting old. But anyway I have thought of you over and over in Florida and lots of good wishes intending to be helpful have gone to you via instant air route.

I wish that on your way back to Chicago you would try again to find me in Bedford.

Here's an idea that you may think would be worth while: That you and Mr. and Mrs. Greer Williams early in May meet at 341 and that we consider for a day or more how to make the History both accurate and interesting. The Book, I am sure, will have a large effect on the immediate future of the College.

Again, best wishes to you,

*John E. Bannan*

Miss Eleanor Grimm

REPLACEMENT COPY  
OF ORIGINAL LETTER DATED



341 SOUTH JULIANA STREET  
BEDFORD, PENNSYLVANIA

September 15, 1957

Dear Eleanor,

I should be very very glad  
to see you next week as you suggest.

Please give me a ring Wednesday evening  
or Thursday forenoon.

Always best wishes,

*John L. Bowman*

Miss Eleanor K. Grimm



The New York Times

erday to pay tribute to Rabbi  
ogue of Congregation Sons of  
Henry Street, Lower East Side.

## DR. JOHN BOWMAN, EDUCATOR, WAS 85

U. of Pittsburgh Chancellor  
From 1921 to 1945 Dies

BEDFORD, Pa., Dec. 2 (AP)

Dr. John Gabbert Bowman, former chancellor of the University of Pittsburgh, died today at his home in this southwestern Pennsylvania town. He was 85 years old.

Surviving are a daughter, Mrs. Florence Bowman of Pittsburgh; a son, John R. Bowman of Key West, Fla., and a sister, Mrs. Mary Leffingwell of Hinsdale, Ill.

The funeral and burial will be in Pittsburgh on Wednesday.

Cathedral Completed in 1929

During Dr. Bowman's tenure as chancellor from 1921 to 1945, the university grew to be one of the largest in the country. A 42-story building, probably the tallest school structure in the world, was completed to house the university and its facilities under his leadership. The great Gothic building was proposed by Dr. Bowman for its space-conserving and artistic qualities. Begun in 1926 and completed in 1929, it became known as the Cathedral of Learning.

For many years Dr. Bowman was considered one of the country's highest-paid educators, with an annual salary of \$31,500.

His career at the university was marked by several stormy periods. One of these was an investigation by the Pennsylvania State Legislature into his dismissal, in 1935, of Dr. Ralph E. Turner, a history professor who had been working for what some considered advanced social legislation.

The public was given to understand that Dr. Turner had been dismissed because of his attitude toward religion. However, some of his friends charge that his presence on the faculty had been embarrassing to the campaign to raise money for the Cathedral of Learning.

A committee of the American Association of University Professors found against Dr. Bowman's dismissal of Dr. Turner. The committee report indicated that its members believed that Dr. Bowman had dropped Dr. Turner in his zeal to assure that sufficient funds would be available for the Cathedral of Learning. Dr. Turner did not resume his post at the university.

Another dispute occurred when he moved to de-emphasize football. The university's teams had often been among the country's best. Dr. Bowman's refusal to let football remain as a major feature of the university's life led to the resignation, in 1939, of John Bain (Jock) Sutherland, one of the country's greatest football coaches of the time.

It was estimated that Chancellor Bowman raised about \$20,000,000 for the university. Under him the enrollment grew from about 5,000 to about 12,600.

Dr. Bowman was born in Davenport, Iowa, and was graduated from the State University of Iowa in 1899 with an A.B. degree. He was a newspaper man for a brief period and began his career as a teacher as an instructor in English at Iowa State.

Dr. Bowman taught at Columbia University from 1905 to 1909 and then was secretary of the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching, in New York. From 1911 to 1914 he was president of the State University of Iowa.

Director of the American College of Surgeons from 1915 to 1921, Dr. Bowman then became chancellor of the University of Pittsburgh.



## Dr. John G. Bowman Dies; Pitt's Ex-Chancellor Was 85

Bedford, Pa., Dec. 3—(AP)—Dr. John Gabbert Bowman, the educator whose determination raised the world's tallest educational structure, died yesterday at his home here. He was 85.

Dr. Bowman, chancellor of the University of Pittsburgh from 1921 to 1945, had been ill for some time.

Early in his tenure at Pitt, the 42-story Cathedral of Learning was constructed. Bowman exerted the major force behind the project, bucking strong opposition from within the university itself.

He even appealed for funds through elementary schools to children, asking them to bring in as many pennies as they could spare.

The cathedral, constructed from 1926 to 1929, stands to-

day as Pitt's main building in the heart of the city's educational and cultural center.

Later in his administration, in the early 1930s, Bowman ignited a controversy when he fired an American history professor, Dr. Ralph Turner, for what was termed his radical views. The action touched off public hearings in Pittsburgh held by the American Association of University Professors.

### Put on Blacklist

As a result, Pitt was placed on a University blacklist and was not removed from it until the late 1940s. Turner now is Sterling professor of history at Yale University.

Born in Davenport, Iowa, in 1877, Bowman received bachelor of arts and master's degrees from the University of Iowa. He worked as a newspaper reporter in Iowa and Chicago, then taught English at Iowa University and Columbia in New York.

### Headed Iowa

He became president of Iowa University in 1911 and was named the first director of the American College of Surgeons in 1915, a post he held for five years before becoming Pitt's chancellor.

Bowman was elected to the newly-created post of president of Pitt in 1945 and retired two years later as president-honorary.

He is survived by a daughter, Mrs. Florence Bowman, of Pittsburgh; a son, John R. Bowman, of Key West, Fla., and a sister, Mrs. Mary Leffingwell, of Hinsdale, Ill.

Funeral services and burial will be in Pittsburgh on Wednesday.



# DR. BOWMAN, PITTSBURGH U. EX-HEAD, DIES

## 'Fathered' Monument to Education

Bedford, Pa., Dec. 2 (AP)—Dr. John Gabbert Bowman, 85, educator whose determination raised the world's tallest educational structure, died today.

Dr. Bowman, chancellor of the University of Pittsburgh from 1921 to 1945, had been ill for some time.

Last April he was rushed to Bedford County Memorial hospital in critical condition with



[AP Photo]

Dr. John G. Bowman

an undisclosed illness. He improved slightly and returned home but never recovered.

### Asked Children for Pennies

Early in his tenure at Pitt, the 42-story cathedral of learning was constructed. Bowman exerted the major force behind the project, bucking strong opposition from within the university itself.

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He was born in Devenport, Ia., in 1877. He received bachelor of arts and master's degrees from the University of Iowa. He worked as a newspaper reporter in Iowa and Chicago, then taught English at the University of Iowa and Columbia in New York.

### College Head at 33

He became president of the University of Iowa in 1911 when he was 33—the country's youngest college president at the time. In 1915 he was named the first director of the American College of Surgeons with headquarters in Chicago, a post he held for five years.

Bowman married Florence Ridgway Berry in 1908. She was killed by a street car in Pittsburgh several years ago.

After retiring from Pitt, Bowman came to Bedford, where he practiced his hobbies of wood-working and ceramics.

He leaves a daughter, Mrs. Florence Bowman of Pittsburgh; a son, John R. Bowman of Key West, Fla., and a sister, Mrs. Mary Leffingwell of Hinsdale, Ill.

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Dr. John G. Bowman

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## PROF. TO TALK ON LITERATURE FROM RUSSIA

George V. Bobrinskoy, chairman of the department of linguistics at the University of Chicago, will speak on Russian literature tomorrow at Thorne hall on Northwestern university's downtown campus. He will be the 10th in a series of experts lecturing on Russia and China in a course sponsored by the university's evening divisions. He is author of many publications on languages and Russian literature and is chairman of the University of Chicago committee on South Asian studies.

## Iran Will Build Port and Highway Project

TEHRAN, Iran, Dec. 2 (AP)—Iran will begin construction of a \$30 million dollar port and highway project early next year, Premier Assadullah Alam told a press conference today. The port will be built at Bandar-Abbas, on the strait of Hormuz where the Gulf of Oman enters the Persian gulf. The highway will link this port with Zahidan.



Sarasota, Florida

January 20, 1965

Dear Mr. Bouman, --

Upon my return to Sarasota after the holidays, "Unofficial Notes" awaited me. The familiar address label could not be reconciled to the present until the precious volume was revealed. Then there were relived memorable days at the American College of Surgeons in which Doctor Bouman and Doctor Franklin H. Martin figured so prominently: Service to the College which dated from its founding in 1913 until 1952; the privilege of serving with Doctor Bouman as his Secretary from 1915 to 1917 (when under a leave of absence I served the Government with Doctor Martin in the Medical Section of the Council of National Defense); Secretary to Doctor Martin when he became Director General until his death in 1935; then Secretary to the Board of Regents and Administrative Executive of the College until retirement in 1952.

It was my good fortune to be in Pittsburgh in October of 1920, at a Sectional Meeting of the College, when Doctor Bouman was invited to become Chancellor of the University of Pittsburgh. He told me of the offer soon after it took place and said he did not know the answer; but I believed that I did: that he would become the next Chancellor of the University.

At numerous meetings of the College in Pittsburgh, from 1921 to 1952, I saw Doctor Bouman at the University and had the privilege of hearing him relate his dreams for the University:



plans for the money-raising project, the ground-breaking event; and the construction which made the dream come true. We toured the upper section of the Cathedral of Learning while the first four floors were open steelwork, and later the completed structure when it was in full service. There were visits with him to the Nationality Rooms, the Foster Memorial, and the Heinz Memorial Chapel - other dreams which became a reality.

After retirement, from 1952 to 1959, on annual drives from Florida to Wisconsin and return, several days were spent in and near Bedford, with many hours of privileged and inspirational conversation with Doctor Bowman. In urging him to write his autobiography, he spoke of "unofficial notes" which he was preparing. And these have become this precious volume.

In 1933, Doctor Bowman conferred an Honorary LL.D. upon Doctor Martin (and presented the diploma of the University to his Daughter, Florence), events which I witnessed with Mrs. Martin. Mementos which I treasure include letters from Doctor Bowman, his unique Christmas and New Year' greetings, and snapshots of Doctor Bowman and Doctor Martin at the American College of Surgeons and at the University; an autographed portrait; an autographed copy of "Happy All Day Through" and "The World that Was". (Had the opportunity to peruse and copy the ms. of "Happy All Day Through".) In various moves, the autographed copy of the Mother Goose stories published by Volland has disappeared.

My greetings to Florence and John Bowman, whom I knew in their early childhood. And to all who had a part in



bringing "Unofficial Notes" to me, my grateful  
thanks.

Very sincerely yours,